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/*
 * 6 Wheel Robot Experiment
 * -----
 */

// Definition of variables and classes

#include <Servo.h>
Servo servo_camera_pan;
Servo servo_camera_tilt;
Servo servo_lights_pan;
int servo_camera_angle_center = 90;
int servo_camera_angle_min = 20; //Left position of servo with wireless camera
int servo_camera_angle_max = 160; //Right position, camera will pan between angles of 20 and 160 degrees.
int servo_camera_angle_circle = 300; // Variable needed to calculate the movement of the servo back to its original position
int servo_camera_angle = 90;
boolean camera_toggle = true;
int servo_light_angle = 90;
int servo_light_angle_max = 135;
int servo_light_angle_center = 90;
int servo_light_angle_min = 45; //Left position of servo with LED
int servo_light_angle_circle = 225; //Right position of servo with LED, servo will pan between angles defined by the variables ..._circle and... _min
boolean light_toggle_1 = true;
boolean light_toggle_2 = true;
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
#define TXPIN 4 //Assign pin 4 for communication with the motor controller
#define RXPIN 5 //Assign pin 5 for communication with the motor controller
#define LIGHT_1 6
#define LIGHT_2 7
SoftwareSerial TREXJr(RXPIN, TXPIN); // Motor Controller TRex Jr
int speed_min = 0;
unsigned char Send_Byte = 0;
int speed_turn = 115; // fixed speed to turn left or right
int speed_fixed = 85; // fixed speed
char bytein; // raw user input

void setup() //Initial setup of motor controllers, servos and LEDs, definition of pins
{
  Serial.begin(19200);
  TREXJr.begin(19200);
  Serial.println(" Arduino Serial Motor Control");
  Serial.println();
  pinMode(RXPIN, INPUT); //Pin 4 Arduino is input pin for signal from TREX Jr.
}

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pinMode(TXPIN, OUTPUT);          //Pin 5 Arduino is output pin for signal to TREX Jr.
pinMode (LIGHT_1, OUTPUT);      // Pin 6 turn LED lights 1 on/off
pinMode (LIGHT_2, OUTPUT);      //Pin 7 turn LED lights 2 on/off
Send_Byte = 0xDA;               //Addressing both motor controllers
TREXJr.print(Send_Byte, BYTE);
TREXJr.print(speed_min, BYTE);  //Setting speed for controller 1
TREXJr.print(speed_min, BYTE);  //Setting speed for controller 2
servo_camera_pan.attach(13);    // Servo 1 attached to pin 13
servo_camera_tilt.attach(11);   // servo 2 attached to pin 11
servo_camera_tilt.write(servo_camera_angle_center); //setting servo 2 to 90 degrees
servo_camera_pan.write(servo_camera_angle_center); //setting servo 1 to 90 degrees
servo_lights_pan.attach(10);    // servo 3 attached to pin 10
servo_lights_pan.write(servo_light_angle_center); //setting servo 3 to 90 degrees
digitalWrite(LIGHT_1, LOW);     //Lights OFF during setup.
digitalWrite(LIGHT_2, LOW);
}
void Setspeed_robot(char robot_direction, int robot_speed, int robot_turn, int speed_low) // Set speed and direction of motors
{
  unsigned char SendByte = 0;
  switch (robot_direction)
  {
    case 'f':                    // Pressing "f": robot moves forward at a fixed speed
      SendByte = 0xDA;
      Serial.print(" Forward, setting speed to: ");
      TREXJr.print(SendByte, BYTE);
      TREXJr.print(robot_speed, BYTE);
      TREXJr.print(robot_speed, BYTE);
      Serial.println(robot_speed, DEC);
      break;
      //delay(100);
    case 'b':                    //"b" Backward
      Serial.print(" Backward, setting speed to: ");
      SendByte = 0xD5;
      TREXJr.print(SendByte, BYTE);
      TREXJr.print(robot_speed, BYTE);
      TREXJr.print(robot_speed, BYTE);
      Serial.println(robot_speed, DEC);
      break;
      //delay(100);
    case 'l':                    // "l" Left turn at fixed speed
      Serial.print(" Turn left, setting speed to: ");
      SendByte = 0xD6;
      TREXJr.print(SendByte, BYTE);

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    TREXJr.print(robot_turn, BYTE);
    TREXJr.print(robot_turn, BYTE);
    Serial.println(robot_turn, DEC);
    break;
    //delay(100);
case 'r':                // "r" Right turn at fixed speed
    Serial.print(" Turn right, setting speed to: ");
    SendByte = 0xD9;
    TREXJr.print(SendByte, BYTE);
    TREXJr.print(robot_turn, BYTE);
    TREXJr.print(robot_turn, BYTE);
    Serial.println(robot_turn, DEC);
    break;
    //delay(100);
case 'q':                // "q" Quit = STOP !!!
    Serial.print(" STOP, setting speed to: 0 ");
    SendByte = 0xDA;
    TREXJr.print(SendByte, BYTE);
    TREXJr.print(0, BYTE);
    TREXJr.print(0, BYTE);
    //Serial.println(0, DEC);
    break;
}
}
void setlights_1()      //Function to turn one LED on/off
{
    light_toggle_1 =!light_toggle_1; //toggle LED lights on/off each time this routine is called
    switch (light_toggle_1)
    {
        case false:
            digitalWrite(LIGHT_1, HIGH);
            break;
        case true:
            digitalWrite(LIGHT_1, LOW);
            break;
    }
}
void setlights_2()      //Function to turn 2nd LED on/off
{
    light_toggle_2 =!light_toggle_2;
    switch (light_toggle_2)
    {
        case false:

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    digitalWrite(LIGHT_2, HIGH);
    break;
case true:
    digitalWrite(LIGHT_2, LOW);
    break;
}
}

//*****
void setcamera_pan(char pan_input, int pan_angle, int pan_angle_min, int pan_angle_max, int pan_angle_circle) //Function to create pan motion of the servo with the
wireless camera
{
    int pan_current;
    if (pan_input == 'p')
        camera_toggle=!camera_toggle; //toggle servo between pan and a fixed forward position when key "p" is pressed on the keyboard
    if (camera_toggle ==false)
        servo_camera_pan.write(90);
    else
    {
        if (pan_angle_min<=pan_angle && pan_angle <= pan_angle_max)
            pan_current=pan_angle;
        if (pan_angle_max < pan_angle && pan_angle <= pan_angle_circle)
            pan_current=pan_angle_max-(pan_angle-pan_angle_max);
        servo_camera_pan.write(pan_current);
        delay (10);
    }
}

void setcamera_tilt()
{
    servo_camera_tilt.write(90); //Tilt servo is fixed in horizontal position
    delay(10);
}

void setlights_pan(char lights_input, int pan_angle, int pan_angle_min, int pan_angle_max, int pan_angle_circle) //Function to create pan motion of the LDED
{
    int pan_current;
    if (pan_angle_min<=pan_angle && pan_angle <= pan_angle_max)
        pan_current=pan_angle;
    if (pan_angle_max < pan_angle && pan_angle <= pan_angle_circle)
        pan_current=pan_angle_max-(pan_angle-pan_angle_max);
    servo_lights_pan.write(pan_current);
    delay (10);
}

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void loop()                //***** Main program*****
{
  setlights_2();          //Toggle the 2nd LED everytime the function is called
  if (Serial.available() > 0)
    bytein = Serial.read(); // Read the incoming byte from the keyboard via USB cable or the Xbee module
  Setspeed_robot(bytein, speed_fixed, speed_turn, speed_min); //set robot direction based on keys pressed on the keyboard
  delay(50);
  servo_camera_angle= servo_camera_angle + 3; //rotate camera from left to right and back by 3 degrees everytime the main program loop is called
  if (servo_camera_angle > servo_camera_angle_circle)
    servo_camera_angle =servo_camera_angle_min;
  setcamera_pan(bytein, servo_camera_angle, servo_camera_angle_min, servo_camera_angle_max,servo_camera_angle_circle);
  delay (50);
  setcamera_tilt(); //set camera for tilt to 90 degrees=horizontal position
  servo_light_angle=servo_light_angle+5; //rotate servo with 1st LED from left to right and back within predefined angles, turn 5 degrees at a time.
  if (servo_light_angle > servo_light_angle_circle)
    servo_light_angle =servo_light_angle_min;
  setlights_pan(bytein, servo_light_angle, servo_light_angle_min, servo_light_angle_max,servo_light_angle_circle);
  delay (10);
  setlights_1(); //toggle the 1st LED on/off everytime this function is called, since the program is about 90ms long a blinking effect is visible.
  delay (10);
  // ***** Main Program END *****
}

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